

LIMITS AND CONTINUITY WORKSHEET
[1.7 & 1.8]

Generate a table of values to find each of these limits.

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{1/x} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

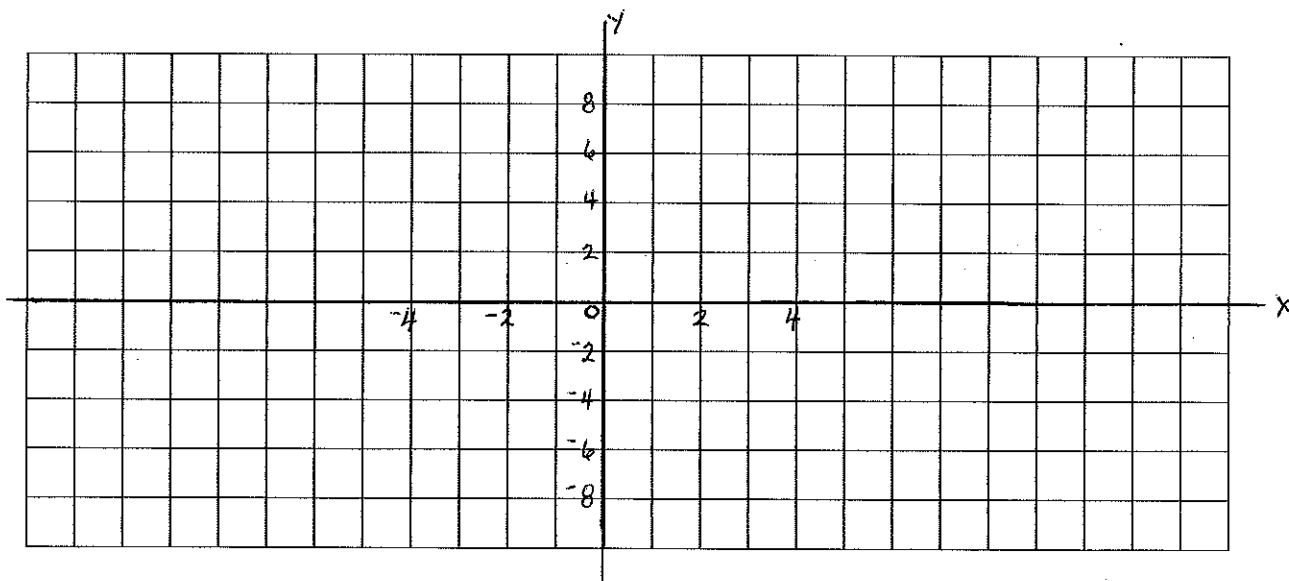
2. $\lim_{\theta \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\theta} \right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. $\lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{|1-t|}{1-t} \right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Neatly and accurately graph $f(x)$. Use the graph to find each of these limits. On your graph, label any asymptotes, holes, or other important characteristics.

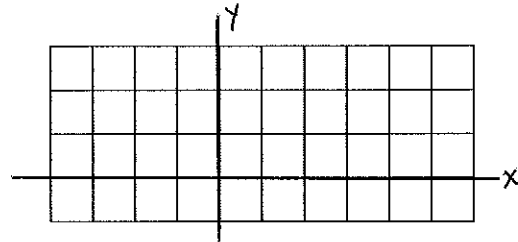
4. $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{|x|-2}$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

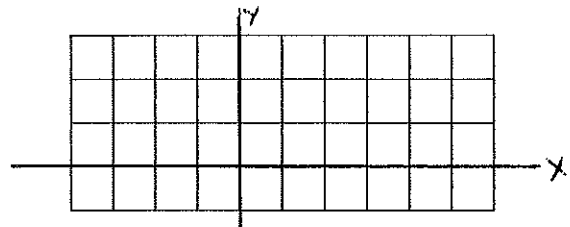


In each case, neatly sketch a graph with the given characteristics.

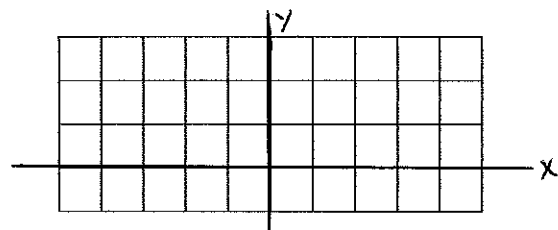
5. $f(4)$ is undefined and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = 2$.



6. $f(3) = 2$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$ does not exist.



7. $f(1) = 3$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = -1$.



Find the value of k that would make the function continuous in each case. Explain how you found your value.

8.
$$g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} & x \neq 0 \\ k & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

9.
$$h(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin(5\pi x) - 1}{2x - 1} & x \neq \frac{1}{2} \\ 2k + 3 & x = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$